



Ethical Hacking and Countermeasures

Course Outline

(Version 13)

Module 01: Introduction to Ethical Hacking

Information Security Overview

- Elements of Information Security
- Information Security Attacks: Motives, Goals, and Objectives
 - Motives (Goals)
 - Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (TTPs)
 - Vulnerability
- Classification of Attacks
- Information Warfare

Hacking Concepts

- What is Hacking?
- Who is a Hacker?
- Hacker and their Motivations

Ethical Hacking Concepts

- What is Ethical Hacking?
- Why Ethical Hacking is Necessary
- Scope and Limitations of Ethical Hacking
- Skills of an Ethical Hacker
- AI-Driven Ethical Hacking
- How AI-Driven Ethical Hacking Helps Ethical Hacker?

- Myth: AI will Replace Ethical Hackers
- ChatGPT-Powered AI Tools for Ethical Hackers

Hacking Methodologies and Frameworks

- CEH Ethical Hacking Framework
- Cyber Kill Chain Methodology
 - Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (TTPs)
- Adversary Behavioral Identification
- Indicators of Compromise (IoCs)
- Categories of Indicators of Compromise
- MITRE ATT&CK Framework
- Diamond Model of Intrusion Analysis

Information Security Controls

- Information Assurance (IA)
- Continual/Adaptive Security Strategy
- Defense-in-Depth
- What is Risk?
- Risk Management
- Cyber Threat Intelligence
- Threat Intelligence Lifecycle
- Threat Modeling
- Incident Management
- Incident Handling and Response
- Role of AI and ML in Cyber Security
- How Do AI and ML Prevent Cyber Attacks?

Information Security Laws and Standards

- Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS)
- ISO/IEC Standards
- Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)
- Sarbanes Oxley Act (SOX)
- The Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA)
- The Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA)

- General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
- Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA)
- Cyber Law in Different Countries

Module 02: Footprinting and Reconnaissance

Footprinting Concepts

- Reconnaissance
- Types of Footprinting/Reconnaissance
- Information Obtained in Footprinting
- Objectives of Footprinting
- Footprinting Threats
- Footprinting Methodology

Footprinting through Search Engines

- Footprinting Using Advanced Google Hacking Techniques
- What can a Hacker Do with Google Hacking?
- Footprinting Using Advanced Google Hacking Techniques with AI
- Google Hacking Database
- VPN Footprinting through Google Hacking Database
- VPN Footprinting through Google Hacking Database with AI
- Footprinting through SHODAN Search Engine
- Other Techniques for Footprinting through Search Engines

Footprinting through Internet Research Services

- Finding a Company's Top-Level Domains (TLDs) and Sub-domains
- Finding a Company's Top-Level Domains (TLDs) and Sub-domains with AI
- Extracting Website Information from <https://archive.org>
- Footprinting through People Search Services
- Footprinting through Job Sites
- Dark Web Footprinting
- Searching the Dark Web with Advanced Search Parameters
- Determining the Operating System
- Competitive Intelligence Gathering

- Competitive Intelligence - When Did this Company Begin? How Did it Develop?
- Competitive Intelligence - What Are the Company's Plans?
- Competitive Intelligence - What Expert Opinions Say About the Company?
- Other Techniques for Footprinting through Internet Research Services

Footprinting through Social Networking Sites

- People Search on Social Networking Sites
- Gathering Information from LinkedIn
- Harvesting Email Lists
- Harvesting Email Lists with AI
- Analyzing Target Social Media Presence
- Tools for Footprinting through Social Networking Sites
- Footprinting through Social Networking Sites with AI

Whois Footprinting

- Whois Lookup
- Finding IP Geolocation Information

DNS Footprinting

- Extracting DNS Information
- DNS Lookup with AI
- Reverse DNS Lookup

Network and Email Footprinting

- Locate the Network Range
- Traceroute
- Traceroute with AI
- Traceroute Analysis
- Traceroute Tools
- Tracking Email Communications
- Collecting Information from Email Header
- Email Tracking Tools

Footprinting through Social Engineering

- Collecting Information through Social Engineering on Social Networking Sites

- Collecting Information Using Eavesdropping, Shoulder Surfing, Dumpster Diving, and Impersonation

Footprinting Tasks using Advanced Tools and AI

- AI-Powered OSINT Tools
- Create and Run Custom Python Script to Automate Footprinting Tasks with AI

Footprinting Countermeasures

- Footprinting Countermeasures

Module 03: Scanning Networks

Network Scanning Concepts

- Overview of Network Scanning
- TCP Communication Flags
- TCP/IP Communication

Scanning Tools

- Nmap
- Hping3
- Hping Scan with AI
- Metasploit
- NetScanTools Pro

Host Discovery

- Host Discovery Techniques
- ARP Ping Scan
- UDP Ping Scan
- ICMP ECHO Ping Scan
- ICMP ECHO Ping Sweep
- ICMP Timestamp Ping Scan
- ICMP Address Mask Ping Scan
- TCP SYN Ping Scan
- TCP ACK Ping Scan
- IP Protocol Ping Scan
- Host Discovery with AI

- Ping Sweep Tools

Port and Service Discovery

- Port Scanning Techniques
- TCP Connect/Full-Open Scan
- Stealth Scan (Half-Open Scan)
- Inverse TCP Flag Scan
- Xmas Scan
- TCP Maimon Scan
- ACK Flag Probe Scan
- IDLE/IPID Header Scan
- UDP Scan
- SCTP INIT Scan
- SCTP COOKIE ECHO Scan
- SSDP and List Scan
- IPv6 Scan
- Port Scanning with AI
- Service Version Discovery
- Service Version Discovery with AI
- Nmap Scan Time Reduction Techniques

OS Discovery (Banner Grabbing/OS Fingerprinting)

- OS Discovery/Banner Grabbing
- How to Identify Target System OS
- OS Discovery using Nmap and Unicornscan
- OS Discovery using Nmap Script Engine
- OS Discovery using IPv6 Fingerprinting
- OS Discovery with AI
- Create and Run Custom Script to Automate Network Scanning Tasks With AI

Scanning Beyond IDS and Firewall

- Packet Fragmentation
- Source Routing
- Source Port Manipulation

- IP Address Decoy
- IP Address Spoofing
- MAC Address Spoofing
- Creating Custom Packets
- Randomizing Host Order and Sending Bad Checksums
- Proxy Servers
- Proxy Chaining
- Proxy Tools
- Anonymizers
- Censorship Circumvention Tools

Network Scanning Countermeasures

- Ping Sweep Countermeasures
- Port Scanning Countermeasures
- Banner Grabbing Countermeasures
- IP Spoofing Detection Techniques
- IP Spoofing Countermeasures
- Scanning Detection and Prevention Tools

Module 04: Enumeration

Enumeration Concepts

- What is Enumeration?
- Techniques for Enumeration
- Services and Ports to Enumerate

NetBIOS Enumeration

- NetBIOS Enumeration Tools
- Enumerating User Accounts
- Enumerating Shared Resources Using Net View
- NetBIOS Enumeration using AI

SNMP Enumeration

- Working of SNMP
- Management Information Base (MIB)

- Enumerating SNMP using SnmpWalk
- Enumerating SNMP using Nmap
- SNMP Enumeration Tools
- SNMP Enumeration with SnmpWalk and Nmap using AI

LDAP Enumeration

- Manual and Automated LDAP Enumeration
- LDAP Enumeration Tools

NTP and NFS Enumeration

- NTP Enumeration
- NTP Enumeration Commands
- NTP Enumeration Tools
- NFS Enumeration
- NFS Enumeration Tools

SMTP and DNS Enumeration

- SMTP Enumeration
- SMTP Enumeration using Nmap
- SMTP Enumeration using Metasploit
- SMTP Enumeration Tools
- SMTP Enumeration using AI
- DNS Enumeration Using Zone Transfer
- DNS Cache Snooping
- DNSSEC Zone Walking
- DNS Enumeration Using OWASP Amass
- DNS and DNSSEC Enumeration Using Nmap
- DNS Enumeration with Nmap Using AI
- DNS Cache Snooping using AI

Other Enumeration Techniques

- IPsec Enumeration
- IPsec Enumeration with AI
- VoIP Enumeration
- RPC Enumeration

- Unix/Linux User Enumeration
- SMB Enumeration
- SMB Enumeration with AI
- Create and Run Custom Script to Automate Network Enumeration Tasks with AI

Enumeration Countermeasures

- SNMP Enumeration Countermeasures
- LDAP Enumeration Countermeasures
- NFS Enumeration Countermeasures
- SMTP Enumeration Countermeasures
- SMB Enumeration Countermeasures
- DNS Enumeration Countermeasures

Module 05: Vulnerability Analysis

Vulnerability Assessment Concepts

- Vulnerability Classification
 - Misconfigurations/Weak Configurations
 - Application Flaws
 - Poor Patch Management
 - Design Flaws
 - Third-Party Risks
 - Default Installations/Default Configurations
 - Operating System Flaws
 - Default Passwords
 - Zero-Day Vulnerabilities
 - Legacy Platform Vulnerabilities
 - System Sprawl/Undocumented Assets
 - Improper Certificate and Key Management
- Vulnerability Scoring Systems and Databases
- Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS)
- Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE)
- National Vulnerability Database (NVD)

- Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE)
- Vulnerability-Management Life Cycle
- Pre-Assessment Phase
- Vulnerability Assessment Phase
- Post Assessment Phase
- Vulnerability Research
- Resources for Vulnerability Research
- Vulnerability Scanning and Analysis
- Types of Vulnerability Scanning

Vulnerability Assessment Tools

- Comparing Approaches to Vulnerability Assessment
- Characteristics of a Good Vulnerability Assessment Solution
- Working of Vulnerability Scanning Solutions
- Types of Vulnerability Assessment Tools
- Choosing a Vulnerability Assessment Tool
- Criteria for Choosing a Vulnerability Assessment Tool
- Best Practices for Selecting Vulnerability Assessment Tools
- Vulnerability Assessment Tools
 - Nessus Essentials
 - GFI LanGuard
 - OpenVAS
 - Nikto
 - Qualys Vulnerability Management
- AI-Powered Vulnerability Assessment Tools
- Vulnerability Assessment using AI
- Vulnerability Scan using Nmap with AI
- Vulnerability Assessment using Python Script with AI
- Vulnerability Scan using Skipfish with AI

Vulnerability Assessment Reports

- Vulnerability Assessment Reports
- Components of a Vulnerability Assessment Report

Module 06: System Hacking

Gaining Access

- Cracking Passwords
 - Microsoft Authentication
 - How Hash Passwords Are Stored in Windows SAM?
 - Tools to Extract the Password Hashes
 - NTLM Authentication Process
 - Kerberos Authentication
 - Password Cracking
 - Types of Password Attacks
 - Non-Electronic Attacks
 - Active Online Attacks
 - Other Active Online Attacks
 - Passive Online Attacks
 - Offline Attacks
 - Password Recovery Tools
 - Password-Cracking Tools
 - Password Salting
 - How to Defend against Password Cracking
 - How to Defend against LLMNR/NBT-NS Poisoning
 - Tools to Detect LLMNR/NBT-NS Poisoning
 - Detecting SMB Attacks against Windows
- Vulnerability Exploitation
 - Exploit Sites
 - Windows Exploit Suggester - Next Generation (WES-NG)
 - Metasploit Framework
 - Metasploit Modules
 - AI-Powered Vulnerability Exploitation Tools
 - Buffer Overflow
 - Types of Buffer Overflow
 - Simple Buffer Overflow in C

- Windows Buffer Overflow Exploitation
- Return-Oriented Programming (ROP) Attack
- Bypassing ASLR and DEP Security Mechanisms
 - Heap Spraying
 - JIT Spraying
- Exploit Chaining
- Post AD Enumeration using PowerView
- Identifying Insecurities Using GhostPack Seatbelt
- Buffer Overflow Detection Tools
- Defending against Buffer Overflows

Escalating Privileges

- Privilege Escalation
- Privilege Escalation Using DLL Hijacking
- Privilege Escalation by Exploiting Vulnerabilities
- Privilege Escalation Using Dylib Hijacking
- Privilege Escalation Using Spectre and Meltdown Vulnerabilities
- Privilege Escalation Using Named Pipe Impersonation
- Privilege Escalation by Exploiting Misconfigured Services
- Pivoting and Relaying to Hack External Machines
- Privilege Escalation Using Misconfigured NFS
- Privilege Escalation by Bypassing User Account Control (UAC)
- Privilege Escalation by Abusing Boot or Logon Initialization Scripts
- Privilege Escalation by Modifying Domain Policy
- Retrieving Password Hashes of Other Domain Controllers Using DCSync Attack
- Privilege Escalation by Abusing Active Directory Certificate Services (ADCS)
- Other Privilege Escalation Techniques
- Privilege Escalation Tools
- How to Defend against Privilege Escalation
- Tools for Defending against DLL and Dylib Hijacking
- Defending against Spectre and Meltdown Vulnerabilities
- Tools for Detecting Spectre and Meltdown Vulnerabilities

Maintaining Access

- Executing Applications
 - Remote Code Execution Techniques
 - Tools for Executing Applications
 - Keylogger
 - Types of Keystroke Loggers
 - Remote Keylogger Attack Using Metasploit
 - Hardware Keyloggers
 - Keyloggers for Windows
 - Keyloggers for macOS
 - Spyware
 - Spyware Tools
 - Types of Spyware
 - How to Defend against Keyloggers
 - Anti-Keyloggers
 - How to Defend against Spyware
 - Anti-Spyware
- Hiding Files
 - Rootkits
 - Types of Rootkits
 - How a Rootkit Works
 - Popular Rootkits
 - Detecting Rootkits
 - Steps for Detecting Rootkits
 - How to Defend against Rootkits
 - Anti-Rootkits
 - NTFS Data Stream
 - How to Create NTFS Streams
 - NTFS Stream Manipulation
 - How to Defend against NTFS Streams
 - NTFS Stream Detectors

- What is Steganography?
- Classification of Steganography
- Types of Steganography based on Cover Medium
- Whitespace Steganography
- Image Steganography
- Document Steganography
- Video Steganography
- Audio Steganography
- Folder Steganography
- Spam/Email Steganography
- Other Types of Steganography
- Steganalysis
- Steganalysis Methods/Attacks on Steganography
- Detecting Steganography (Text, Image, Audio, and Video Files)
- Steganography Detection Tools
- Establishing Persistence
 - Maintaining Persistence Using Windows Sticky Keys
 - Maintaining Persistence by Abusing Boot or Logon Autostart Executions
 - Domain Dominance Through Different Paths
 - Remote Code Execution
 - Abusing Data Protection API (DPAPI)
 - Malicious Replication
 - Skeleton Key Attack
 - Golden Ticket Attack
 - Silver Ticket Attack
 - Maintain Domain Persistence Through AdminSDHolder
 - Maintaining Persistence Through WMI Event Subscription
 - Overpass-the-Hash Attack
 - Linux Post-Exploitation
 - Windows Post-Exploitation
 - How to Defend against Persistence Attacks

Clearing Logs

- Covering Tracks
- Disabling Auditing: Auditpol
- Clearing Logs
- Manually Clearing Event Logs
- Ways to Clear Online Tracks
- Covering BASH Shell Tracks
- Covering Tracks on a Network
- Covering Tracks on an OS
- Delete Files using Cipher.exe
- Disable Windows Functionality
- Deleting Windows Activity History
- Deleting Incognito History
- Hiding Artifacts in Windows, Linux, and macOS
- Anti-forensics Techniques
- Track-Covering Tools
- Defending against Covering Tracks

Module 07: Malware Threats

Malware Concepts

- Introduction to Malware
- Different Ways for Malware to Enter a System
- Common Techniques Attackers Use to Distribute Malware on the Web
- Components of Malware
- Potentially Unwanted Application or Applications (PUAs)
 - Adware

APT Concepts

- What are Advanced Persistent Threats?
- Characteristics of Advanced Persistent Threats
- Advanced Persistent Threat Lifecycle

Trojan Concepts

- What is a Trojan?
- How Hackers Use Trojans
- Common Ports used by Trojans
- Types of Trojans
- Remote Access Trojans
- Backdoor Trojans
- Botnet Trojans
- Rootkit Trojans
- E-banking Trojans
- Working of E-banking Trojans
 - E-banking Trojan: CHAVECLOAK
- Point-of-Sale Trojans
- Defacement Trojans
- Service Protocol Trojans
- Mobile Trojans
- IoT Trojans
- Security Software Disabler Trojans
- Destructive Trojans
- DDoS Trojans
- Command Shell Trojans
- How to Infect Systems Using a Trojan
- Creating a Trojan
- Employing a Dropper or Downloader
- Employing a Wrapper
- Employing a Crypter
- Propagating and Deploying a Trojan
 - Deploy a Trojan through Emails
 - Deploy a Trojan through Covert Channels
 - Deploy a Trojan through Proxy Servers
 - Deploy a Trojan through USB/Flash Drives

- Techniques for Evading Antivirus Software
- Exploit Kits

Virus and Worm Concepts

- Introduction to Viruses
- Stages of Virus Lifecycle
- Working of Viruses
- How does a Computer Get Infected by Viruses?
- Types of Viruses
 - System or Boot Sector Viruses
 - File Viruses
 - Multipartite Viruses
 - Macro Viruses
 - Cluster Viruses
 - Stealth Viruses/Tunneling Viruses
 - Encryption Viruses
 - Sparse Infector Viruses
 - Polymorphic Viruses
 - Metamorphic Viruses
 - Overwriting File or Cavity Viruses
 - Companion/Camouflage Viruses
 - Shell Viruses
 - File Extension Viruses
 - FAT Viruses
 - Logic Bomb Viruses
 - Web Scripting Viruses
 - E-mail Viruses
 - Armored Viruses
 - Add-on Viruses
 - Intrusive Viruses
 - Direct Action or Transient Viruses
 - Terminate and Stay Resident (TSR) Viruses

- How to Infect Systems Using a Virus
- Propagating and Deploying a Virus
 - Virus Hoaxes
 - Fake AntiVirus
- Ransomware
- How to Infect Systems Using a Ransomware: Creating Ransomware
- Computer Worms
- How to Infect Systems Using a Worm
- Worm Makers

Fileless Malware Concepts

- What is Fileless Malware?
- Taxonomy of Fileless Malware Threats
- How does Fileless Malware Work?
- Launching Fileless Malware through Document Exploits
- Launching Fileless Malware through In-Memory Exploits
- Launching Fileless Malware through Script-based Injection
- Launching Fileless Malware by Exploiting System Admin Tools
- Launching Fileless Malware through Phishing
- Launching Fileless Malware through Windows Registry
- Maintaining Persistence with Fileless Techniques
- Fileless Malware
- Fileless Malware Obfuscation Techniques to Bypass Antivirus

AI-based Malware Concepts

- What is AI-based Malware?
- Working of AI-based Malware
- Indicators of AI-based Malware
- Challenges of AI-based Malware
- Techniques Used in AI-based Malware Development
 - Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs)
 - Reinforcement Learning
 - Natural Language Processing (NLP)

- Examples of AI-based Malware
 - AI-Generated Videos: Malware Spread Through YouTube

Malware Analysis

- What is Sheep Dip Computer?
- Antivirus Sensor Systems
- Introduction to Malware Analysis
- Malware Analysis Procedure
- Preparing Testbed
- Static Malware Analysis
- File Fingerprinting
- Local and Online Malware Scanning
- Performing Strings Search
- Identifying Packing/Obfuscation Methods
- Finding the Portable Executables (PE) Information
- Identifying File Dependencies
- Malware Disassembly
- Analyzing ELF Executable Files
- Analyzing Mach Object (Mach-O) Executable Files
- Analyzing Malicious MS Office Documents
- Analyzing Suspicious PDF Document
- Analyzing Suspicious Documents Using YARA
- Dynamic Malware Analysis
- Port Monitoring
- Process Monitoring
- Registry Monitoring
- Windows Services Monitoring
- Startup Programs Monitoring
- Event Logs Monitoring/Analysis
- Installation Monitoring
- Files and Folders Monitoring
- Device Drivers Monitoring

- Network Traffic Monitoring/Analysis
- DNS Monitoring/Resolution
- API Calls Monitoring
- System Calls Monitoring
- Scheduled Tasks Monitoring
- Browser Activity Monitoring
- Virus Detection Methods
- Malware Code Emulation
- Malware Code Instrumentation
- Trojan Analysis: Coyote
 - Coyote Malware Attack Phases
- Virus Analysis: GhostLocker 2.0
 - GhostLocker 2.0 Malware Attack Phases
- Fileless Malware Analysis: PyLoose
 - PyLoose Malware Attack Phases
- AI-based Malware Analysis: FakeGPT
 - FakeGPT Malware Attack Phases

Malware Countermeasures

- Trojan Countermeasures
- Backdoor Countermeasures
- Virus and Worm Countermeasures
- Fileless Malware Countermeasures
- AI-based Malware Countermeasures
- Adware Countermeasures
- APT Countermeasures

Anti-Malware Software

- Anti-Trojan Software
- Antivirus Software
- Fileless Malware Detection Tools
- Fileless Malware Protection Tools
- AI-Powered Malware Detection and Analysis Tools

- Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR/XDR) Tools

Module 08: Sniffing

Sniffing Concepts

- Network Sniffing
- How a Sniffer Works
- Types of Sniffing
 - Passive Sniffing
 - Active Sniffing
- How an Attacker Hacks the Network Using Sniffers
- Protocols Vulnerable to Sniffing
- Sniffing in the Data Link Layer of the OSI Model
- Hardware Protocol Analyzers
- SPAN Port
- Wiretapping
- Lawful Interception

Sniffing Technique: MAC Attacks

- MAC Address
- CAM Table
- How CAM Works
- What Happens when a CAM Table is Full?
- MAC Flooding
- Switch Port Stealing
- How to Defend against MAC Attacks

Sniffing Technique: DHCP Attacks

- How DHCP Works
- DHCP Request/Reply Messages
- IPv4 DHCP Packet Format
- DHCP Starvation Attack
- Rogue DHCP Server Attack
- DHCP Attack Tools

- How to Defend Against DHCP Starvation and Rogue Server Attacks

Sniffing Technique: ARP Poisoning

- What Is Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)?
- ARP Spoofing Attack
- Threats of ARP Poisoning
- ARP Spoofing/Poisoning Tools
- How to Defend Against ARP Poisoning
- Configuring DHCP Snooping and Dynamic ARP Inspection on Cisco Switches
- ARP Spoofing Detection Tools

Sniffing Technique: Spoofing Attacks

- MAC Spoofing/Duplicating
- MAC Spoofing Technique: Windows
- MAC Spoofing Tools
- IRDP Spoofing
- VLAN Hopping
- STP Attack
- How to Defend Against MAC Spoofing
- How to Defend Against VLAN Hopping
- How to Defend Against STP Attacks

Sniffing Technique: DNS Poisoning

- DNS Poisoning Techniques
- Intranet DNS Spoofing
- Internet DNS Spoofing
- Proxy Server DNS Poisoning
- DNS Cache Poisoning
- DNS Poisoning Tools
- How to Defend Against DNS Spoofing

Sniffing Tools

- Wireshark
- Follow TCP Stream in Wireshark
- Display Filters in Wireshark

- Additional Wireshark Filters
- Sniffing Tools

Sniffing Countermeasures

- How to Defend Against Sniffing
- How to Detect Sniffing
- Sniffer Detection Techniques
- Promiscuous Detection Tools

Module 09: Social Engineering

Social Engineering Concepts

- What is Social Engineering?
 - Common Targets of Social Engineering
 - Impact of Social Engineering Attack on an Organization
 - Behaviors Vulnerable to Attacks
 - Factors that Make Companies Vulnerable to Attacks
 - Why is Social Engineering Effective?
 - Phases of a Social Engineering Attack
- Types of Social Engineering

Human-based Social Engineering Techniques

- Impersonation
- Impersonation (Vishing)
- Eavesdropping
- Shoulder Surfing
- Dumpster Diving
- Reverse Social Engineering
- Piggybacking
- Tailgating
- Diversion Theft
- Honey Trap
- Baiting
- Quid Pro Quo

- Elicitation
- Bait and Switching

Computer-based Social Engineering Techniques

- Phishing
- Examples of Phishing Emails
- Types of Phishing
- Phishing Tools
- Crafting Phishing Emails with ChatGPT
- Other Techniques for Computer-based Social Engineering
- Perform Impersonation using AI: Create Deepfake Videos
- Perform Impersonation using AI: Voice Cloning
- Perform Impersonation on Social Networking Sites
 - Impersonation on Facebook
 - Social Networking Threats to Corporate Networks
- Identity Theft
 - Types of Identity Theft
 - Common Techniques Attackers Use to Obtain Personal Information for Identity Theft
 - Indications of Identity Theft

Mobile-based Social Engineering Techniques

- Publishing Malicious Apps
- Repackaging Legitimate Apps
- Fake Security Applications
- SMiShing (SMS Phishing)
- QRJacking

Social Engineering Countermeasures

- Social Engineering Countermeasures
- How to Defend against Phishing Attacks?
- Identity Theft Countermeasures
- Voice Cloning Countermeasures
- Deepfake Attack Countermeasures
- How to Detect Phishing Emails?

- Anti-Phishing Toolbar
- Common Social Engineering Targets and Defense Strategies
- Audit Organization's Security for Phishing Attacks using OhPhish

Module 10: Denial-of-Service

DoS/DDoS Concepts

- What is a DoS Attack?
- What is a DDoS Attack?
- How do DDoS Attacks Work?

Botnets

- Organized Cyber Crime: Organizational Chart
- Botnets
- A Typical Botnet Setup
- Botnet Ecosystem
- Scanning Methods for Finding Vulnerable Machines
- How Does Malicious Code Propagate?

DDoS Case Study

- DDoS Attack
- Hackers Advertise Links for Downloading Botnets
- Use of Mobile Devices as Botnets for Launching DDoS Attacks
- DDoS Case Study: HTTP/2 'Rapid Reset' Attack on Google Cloud

DoS/DDoS Attack Techniques

- Basic Categories of DoS/DDoS Attack Vectors
- DoS/DDoS Attack Techniques
- UDP Flood Attack
- ICMP Flood Attack
- Ping of Death Attack
- Smurf Attack
- Pulse Wave DDoS Attack
- Zero-Day DDoS Attack
- NTP Amplification Attack

- SYN Flood Attack
- Fragmentation Attack
- Spoofed Session Flood Attack
- HTTP GET/POST Attack
- Slowloris Attack
- UDP Application Layer Flood Attack
- Multi-Vector Attack
- Peer-to-Peer Attack
- Permanent Denial-of-Service Attack
- TCP SACK Panic Attack
- Distributed Reflection Denial-of-Service (DRDoS) Attack
- DDoS Extortion/Ransom DDoS (RDDoS) Attack
- DoS/DDoS Attack Toolkits in the Wild

DoS/DDoS Attack Countermeasures

- Detection Techniques
- DoS/DDoS Countermeasure Strategies
- DDoS Attack Countermeasures
- Protect Secondary Victims
- Detect and Neutralize Handlers
- Prevent Potential Attacks
- Deflect Attacks
- Mitigate Attacks
- Post-Attack Forensics
- Techniques to Defend against Botnets
- Additional DoS/DDoS Countermeasures
- DoS/DDoS Protection at ISP Level
- Enabling TCP Intercept on Cisco IOS Software
- Advanced DDoS Protection Appliances
- DoS/DDoS Protection Tools
- DoS/DDoS Protection Services

Module 11: Session Hijacking

Session Hijacking Concepts

- What is Session Hijacking?
- Why is Session Hijacking Successful?
- Session Hijacking Process
- Packet Analysis of a Local Session Hijack
- Types of Session Hijacking
- Session Hijacking in OSI Model
- Spoofing vs. Hijacking

Application-Level Session Hijacking

- Compromising Session IDs Using Sniffing
- Compromising Session IDs by Predicting Session Token
- How to Predict a Session Token
- Compromising Session IDs Using Man-in-the-Middle/Manipulator-in-the-Middle Attack
- Compromising Session IDs Using Man-in-the-Browser/Manipulator-in-the-Browser Attack
- Compromising Session IDs Using Client-side Attacks
- Compromising Session IDs Using Client-side Attacks: Cross-site Script Attack
- Compromising Session IDs Using Client-side Attacks: Cross-site Request Forgery Attack
- Compromising Session IDs Using Session Replay Attacks
- Compromising Session IDs Using Session Fixation
- Session Hijacking Using Proxy Servers
- Session Hijacking Using CRIME Attack
- Session Hijacking Using Forbidden Attack
- Session Hijacking Using Session Donation Attack

Network-Level Session Hijacking

- Three-way Handshake
- TCP/IP Hijacking
- IP Spoofing: Source Routed Packets
- RST Hijacking
- Blind Hijacking

- UDP Hijacking
- MITM Attack Using Forged ICMP and ARP Spoofing
- PetitPotam Hijacking

Session Hijacking Tools

- Hetty
- Caido
- bettercap

Session Hijacking Countermeasures

- Session Hijacking Detection Methods
- Protecting against Session Hijacking
- Web Development Guidelines to Prevent Session Hijacking
- Web User Guidelines to Prevent Session Hijacking
- Session Hijacking Detection Tools
- Approaches to Prevent Session Hijacking
- Approaches to Prevent MITM Attacks
- IPsec
- Session Hijacking Prevention Tools

Module 12: Evading IDS, Firewalls, and Honeypots

IDS, IPS, and Firewall Concepts

- Intrusion Detection System (IDS)
- Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)
- How an IDS Detects an Intrusion?
- General Indications of Intrusions
- Types of Intrusion Detection Systems
- Types of IDS Alerts
- Firewall
- Firewall Architecture
- Demilitarized Zone (DMZ)
- Types of Firewalls
 - Types of Firewalls Based on Configuration

- Types of Firewalls Based on Working Mechanism
 - Packet Filtering Firewall
 - Circuit-Level Gateway Firewall
 - Application-Level Firewall
 - Stateful Multilayer Inspection Firewall
 - Application Proxy
 - Network Address Translation (NAT)
 - Virtual Private Network
 - Next-Generation Firewalls (NGFWs)
 - Firewall Limitations

IDS, IPS, and Firewall Solutions

- Intrusion Detection using YARA Rules
- Intrusion Detection Tools
- Intrusion Prevention Tools
- Firewalls

Evading IDS/Firewalls

- IDS/Firewall Evasion Techniques
- IDS/Firewall Identification
- IP Address Spoofing
- Source Routing
- Tiny Fragments
- Bypass Blocked Sites Using an IP Address in Place of a URL
- Bypass Blocked Sites Using Anonymous Website Surfing Sites
- Bypass an IDS/Firewall Using a Proxy Server
- Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through the ICMP Tunneling Method
- Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through the ACK Tunneling method
- Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through the HTTP Tunneling Method
- Bypassing Firewalls through the SSH Tunneling Method
- Bypassing Firewalls through the DNS Tunneling Method
- Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through External Systems
- Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through MITM Attacks

- Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through Content
- Bypassing an IDS/WAF using an XSS Attack
- Other Techniques for Bypassing WAF
- Bypassing an IDS/Firewall through HTML Smuggling
- Evading an IDS/Firewall through Windows BITS
- Other Techniques for IDS Evasion
 - Insertion Attack
 - Evasion
 - Denial-of-Service Attack (DoS)
 - Obfuscating
 - False Positive Generation
 - Session Splicing
 - Unicode Evasion Technique
 - Fragmentation Attack
 - Time-To-Live Attacks
 - Urgency Flag
 - Invalid RST Packets
 - Polymorphic Shellcode
 - ASCII Shellcode
 - Application-Layer Attacks
 - Desynchronization
 - Domain Generation Algorithms (DGA)
 - Encryption
 - Flooding

Evading NAC and Endpoint Security

- NAC and Endpoint Security Evasion Techniques
- Bypassing NAC using VLAN Hopping
- Bypassing NAC using Pre-authenticated Device
- Bypassing Endpoint Security using Ghostwriting
- Bypassing Endpoint Security using Application Whitelisting
- Bypassing Endpoint Security by Dechaining Macros

- Bypassing Endpoint Security by Clearing Memory Hooks
- Bypassing Endpoint Security by Process Injection
- Bypassing the EDR using LoLBins
- Bypassing Endpoint Security by CPL (Control Panel) Side-Loading
- Bypassing Endpoint Security using ChatGPT
- Bypassing Antivirus using Metasploit Templates
- Bypassing Windows Antimalware Scan Interface (AMSI)
- Other Techniques for Bypassing Endpoint Security

IDS/Firewall Evading Tools

- Packet Fragment Generator Tools

Honeypot Concepts

- Honeypot
- Types of Honeypots
- Honeypot Tools
- Detecting Honeypots
- Detecting and Defeating Honeypots
- Honeypot Detection Tools

IDS/Firewall Evasion Countermeasures

- How to Defend Against IDS Evasion
- How to Defend Against Firewall Evasion
- How to Defend Against Endpoint Security Evasion
- How to Defend Against NAC Evasion
- How to Defend Against Anti-virus Evasion

Module 13: Hacking Web Servers

Web Server Concepts

- Web Server Operations
- Web Server Security Issues
- Why are Web Servers Compromised?
- Apache Web Server Architecture
- Apache Vulnerabilities

- IIS Web Server Architecture
- IIS Vulnerabilities
- NGINX Web Server Architecture
- NGINX Vulnerabilities

Web Server Attacks

- DNS Server Hijacking
- DNS Amplification Attack
- Directory Traversal Attacks
- Website Defacement
- Web Server Misconfiguration
- HTTP Response-Splitting Attack
- Web Cache Poisoning Attack
- SSH Brute Force Attack
- FTP Brute Force with AI
- HTTP/2 Continuation Flood Attack
- Frontjacking Attack
- Other Web Server Attacks
 - Web Server Password Cracking
 - DoS/DDoS Attacks
 - Man-in-the-Middle Attack
 - Phishing Attacks
 - Web Application Attacks

Web Server Attack Methodology

- Information Gathering
- Information Gathering from Robots.txt File
- Web Server Footprinting/Banner Grabbing
- Web Server Footprinting Tools
- Web Server Footprinting with AI
- Web Server Footprinting using Netcat with AI
- IIS Information Gathering using Shodan
- Abusing Apache mod_userdir to Enumerate User Accounts

- Enumerating Web Server Information Using Nmap
- Finding Default Credentials of Web Server
- Finding Default Content of Web Server
- Directory Brute Forcing
- Directory Brute Forcing with AI
- Vulnerability Scanning
- NGINX Vulnerability Scanning using Nginxpwner
- Finding Exploitable Vulnerabilities
- Finding Exploitable Vulnerabilities with AI
- Session Hijacking
- Web Server Password Hacking
- Using Application Server as a Proxy
- Path Traversal via Misconfigured NGINX Alias
- Web Server Attack Tools

Web Server Attack Countermeasures

- Place Web Servers in Separate Secure Server Security Segment on Network
- Countermeasures: Patches and Updates
- Countermeasures: Protocols and Accounts
- Countermeasures: Files and Directories
- Detecting Web Server Hacking Attempts
- How to Defend against Web Server Attacks
- How to Defend against HTTP Response-Splitting and Web Cache Poisoning
- How to Defend against DNS Hijacking
- Web Application Security Scanners
- Web Server Security Scanners
- Web Server Malware Infection Monitoring Tools
- Web Server Security Tools
- Web Server Pen Testing Tools

Patch Management

- Patches and Hotfixes
- What is Patch Management?

- Installation of a Patch
- Patch Management Best Practices
- Patch Management Tools

Module 14: Hacking Web Applications

Web Application Concepts

- Introduction to Web Applications
- Web Application Architecture
- Web Services
- Vulnerability Stack

Web Application Threats

- OWASP Top 10 Application Security Risks – 2021
 - A01 – Broken Access Control
 - A02 – Cryptographic Failures/Sensitive Data Exposure
 - A03 – Injection Flaws
 - A04 – Insecure Design
 - A05 – Security Misconfiguration
 - A06 – Vulnerable and Outdated Components/Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities
 - A07 – Identification and Authentication Failures/Broken Authentication
 - A08 – Software and Data Integrity Failures
 - A09 – Security Logging and Monitoring Failures/Insufficient Logging and Monitoring
 - A10 – Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)
- Web Application Attacks
 - Directory Traversal
 - Hidden Field Manipulation Attack
 - Pass-the-Cookie Attack
 - Same-Site Attack
 - SQL Injection Attacks
 - Command Injection Attacks
 - Command Injection Example

- File Injection Attack
- LDAP Injection Attacks
- Other Injection Attacks
- Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) Attacks
- Cross-Site Scripting Attack Scenario: Attack via Email
- XSS Attack in Blog Posting
- XSS Attack in Comment Field
- Techniques to Evade XSS Filters
- Web-based Timing Attacks
- XML External Entity (XXE) Attack
- Unvalidated Redirects and Forwards
- Magecart Attack
- Watering Hole Attack
- Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) Attack
- Cookie/Session Poisoning
- Insecure Deserialization
- Web Service Attack
- Web Service Footprinting Attack
- Web Service XML Poisoning
- DNS Rebinding Attack
- Clickjacking Attack
- MarioNet Attack
- Other Web Application Attacks

Web Application Hacking Methodology

- Footprint Web Infrastructure
 - Server Discovery
 - Server Discovery: Banner Grabbing
 - Port and Service Discovery
 - Detecting Web App Firewalls and Proxies on Target Site
 - WAF Detection with AI
 - Hidden Content Discovery

- Detect Load Balancers
 - Detecting Load Balancers using AI
- Detecting Web App Technologies
- WebSockets Enumeration
- Analyze Web Applications
 - Website Mirroring
 - Website Mirroring with AI
 - Website Mirroring using Htttrack with AI
 - Identify Entry Points for User Input
 - Identify Server-Side Technologies
 - Identify Server Side Technologies using AI
 - Identify Server-Side Functionality
 - Identify Files and Directories
 - Identify Files and Directories with AI
 - Identify Web Application Vulnerabilities
 - Identify Web Application Vulnerabilities with AI
- Bypass Client-side Controls
 - Attack Hidden Form Fields
 - Attack Browser Extensions
 - Attack Google Chrome Browser Extensions
 - Perform Source Code Review
- Attack Authentication Mechanism
 - Design Flaws in Authentication Mechanism
 - Implementation Flaws in Authentication Mechanism
 - Username Enumeration
 - Password Attacks: Password Functionality Exploits
 - Password Attacks: Brute-forcing
 - Password Attacks: Attack Password Reset Mechanism
 - Session Attacks: Session ID Prediction/Brute-forcing
 - Cookie Exploitation: Cookie Poisoning
 - Bypass Authentication: Bypass SAML-based SSO

- Bypass Authentication: Bypass Rate Limit
- Bypass Authentication: Bypass Multi-Factor Authentication
- Attack Authorization Schemes
 - Authorization Attack
 - HTTP Request Tampering
 - Cookie Parameter Tampering
- Attack Access Controls
 - Exploiting Insecure Access Controls
 - Access Controls Attack Methods
- Attack Session Management Mechanism
 - Session Management Attack
 - Attacking Session Token Generation Mechanism
 - Attacking Session Tokens Handling Mechanism: Session Token Sniffing
 - Manipulating WebSocket Traffic
- Perform Injection/Input Validation Attacks
 - Injection Attacks/Input Validation Attacks
 - Perform Local File Inclusion (LFI)
- Attack Application Logic Flaws
- Attack Shared Environments
- Attack Database Connectivity
 - Connection String Injection
 - Connection String Parameter Pollution (CSPP) Attacks
 - Connection Pool DoS
- Attack Web Application Client
- Attack Web Services
 - Web Services Probing Attacks
 - Web Service Attacks: SOAP Injection
 - Web Service Attacks: SOAPAction Spoofing
 - Web Service Attacks: WS-Address Spoofing
 - Web Service Attacks: XML Injection
 - Web Services Parsing Attacks

- Web Service Attack Tools
- Additional Web Application Hacking Tools
- Create and Run Custom Scripts to Automate Web Application Hacking Tasks With AI

Web API and Webhooks

- Web API
- Web Service APIs
- Webhooks
- OWASP Top 10 API Security Risks
- Webhooks Security Risks
- API Vulnerabilities
- Web API Hacking Methodology
 - Identify the Target
 - Detect Security Standards
 - API Enumeration
 - Identify the Attack Surface
 - Launch Attacks
 - Other Techniques to Hack an API
 - REST API Vulnerability Scanning
 - Bypassing IDOR via Parameter Pollution
- Secure API Architecture
- API Security Risks and Solutions
- Best Practices for API Security
- Best Practices for Securing Webhooks

Web Application Security

- Web Application Security Testing
- Web Application Fuzz Testing
 - Web Application Fuzz Testing with AI
- AI-Powered Fuzz Testing
- AI-Powered Static Application Security Testing (SAST)
- AI-Powered Dynamic Application Security Testing (DAST)
- Source Code Review

- Encoding Schemes
- Whitelisting vs. Blacklisting Applications
 - Application Whitelisting and Blacklisting Tools
 - Content Filtering Tools
- How to Defend Against Injection Attacks
- Web Application Attack Countermeasures
- How to Defend Against Web Application Attacks
- Best Practices for Securing WebSocket Connections
- RASP for Protecting Web Servers
- Web Application Security Testing Tools
- Web Application Firewalls

Module 15: SQL Injection

SQL Injection Concepts

- What is SQL Injection?
- SQL Injection and Server-side Technologies
- Understanding HTTP POST Request
- Understanding Normal SQL Query
- Understanding an SQL Injection Query
- Understanding an SQL Injection Query—Code Analysis
- Example of a Web Application Vulnerable to SQL Injection: BadProductList.aspx
- Example of a Web Application Vulnerable to SQL Injection: Attack Analysis
- Examples of SQL Injection

Types of SQL Injection

- In-Band SQL Injection
- Error Based SQL Injection
- Union SQL Injection
- Blind/Inferential SQL Injection
 - No Error Message Returned
 - Time-based SQL Injection
 - Boolean Exploitation

- Heavy Query
- Out-of-Band SQL injection

SQL Injection Methodology

- Information Gathering and SQL Injection Vulnerability Detection
 - Information Gathering
 - Identifying Data Entry Paths
 - Extracting Information through Error Messages
 - SQL Injection Vulnerability Detection
 - Additional Methods to Detect SQL Injection
 - SQL Injection Black Box Pen Testing
 - Source Code Review to Detect SQL Injection Vulnerabilities
 - Testing for Blind SQL Injection Vulnerability in MySQL and MSSQL
- Launch SQL Injection Attacks
 - Perform Error Based SQL Injection
 - Perform Error Based SQL Injection using Stored Procedure Injection
 - Perform Union SQL Injection
 - Bypass Website Logins Using SQL Injection
 - Perform Blind SQL Injection – Boolean Exploitation (MySQL)
 - Blind SQL Injection—Extract Database User
 - Blind SQL Injection—Extract Database Name
 - Blind SQL Injection—Extract Column Name
 - Blind SQL Injection—Extract Data from ROWS
 - Exporting a Value with Regular Expression Attack
 - Perform Double Blind SQL Injection
 - Perform Blind SQL Injection Using Out-of-Band Exploitation Technique
 - Exploiting Second-Order SQL Injection
 - Bypass Firewall to Perform SQL Injection
 - Bypassing WAF using JSON-based SQL Injection Attack
 - Perform SQL Injection to Insert a New User and Update Password
- Advanced SQL Injection
 - Database, Table, and Column Enumeration

- Advanced Enumeration
- Creating Database Accounts
- Password Grabbing
- Grabbing SQL Server Hashes
- Transfer Database to Attacker's Machine
- Interacting with the Operating System
- Interacting with the File System
- Network Reconnaissance Using SQL Injection
- Network Reconnaissance Full Query
- Finding and Bypassing Admin Panel of a Website
- PL/SQL Exploitation
- Creating Server Backdoors using SQL Injection
- HTTP Header-Based SQL Injection
- DNS Exfiltration using SQL Injection
- MongoDB Injection/NoSQL Injection Attack
- SQL Injection Tools
- Discovering SQL Injection Vulnerabilities with AI
- Checking for Boolean based SQL Injection with AI
- Checking for Error based SQL Injection with AI
- Checking for Time-based SQL Injection with AI
- Checking for UNION based SQL Injection with AI

Evasion Techniques

- Evading IDS
- Types of Signature Evasion Techniques
- Evasion Techniques
 - In-line Comment
 - Char Encoding
 - String Concatenation
 - Obfuscated Code
 - Manipulating White Spaces
 - Hex Encoding

- Sophisticated Matches
- URL Encoding
- Null Byte
- Case Variation
- Declare Variables
- IP Fragmentation
- Variation

SQL Injection Countermeasures

- How to Defend Against SQL Injection Attacks
- Defenses in the Application
- Detecting SQL Injection Attacks
- SQL Injection Detection Tools

Module 16: Hacking Wireless Networks

Wireless Concepts

- Wireless Terminology
- Wireless Networks
- Wireless Standards
- Service Set Identifier (SSID)
- Wi-Fi Authentication Process
- Types of Wireless Antennas

Wireless Encryption

- Wireless Encryption
 - Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)
 - Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)
 - WPA2
 - WPA3
- Comparison of WEP, WPA, WPA2, and WPA3
- Issues with WEP, WPA, WPA2, and WPA3

Wireless Threats

- Access Control Attacks

- Integrity Attacks
- Confidentiality Attacks
- Availability Attacks
- Authentication Attacks
- Honeypot AP Attack
- Wormhole Attack
- Sinkhole Attack
- Inter-Chip Privilege Escalation/Wireless Co-Existence Attack

Wireless Hacking Methodology

- Wi-Fi Discovery
 - Wireless Network Footprinting
 - Finding Wi-Fi Networks in Range to Attack
 - Wi-Fi Discovery Tools
 - Mobile-based Wi-Fi Discovery Tools
 - Finding WPS-Enabled APs
- Wireless Traffic Analysis
 - Choosing the Optimal Wi-Fi Card
 - Perform Spectrum Analysis
- Launch of Wireless Attacks
 - Aircrack-ng Suite
 - Detection of Hidden SSIDs
 - Denial-of-Service
 - Man-in-the-Middle Attack
 - MITM Attack Using Aircrack-ng
 - MAC Spoofing Attack
 - Wireless ARP Poisoning Attack
 - ARP Poisoning Attack Using Ettercap
 - Rogue APs
 - Creation of a Rogue AP Using MANA Toolkit
 - Evil Twin
 - Key Reinstallation Attack (KRACK)

- Jamming Signal Attack
- Wi-Fi Jamming Devices
- aLTER Attack
- Wi-Jacking Attack
- RFID Cloning Attack
- Wi-Fi Encryption Cracking
 - WPA/WPA2 Encryption Cracking
 - Cracking WPA/WPA2 Using Aircrack-ng
 - WPA Brute Forcing Using Fern Wifi Cracker
 - WPA3 Encryption Cracking
 - Cracking WPA3 Using Aircrack-ng and hashcat
 - Cracking WPS Using Reaver

Wireless Attack Countermeasures

- Wireless Security Layers
- Defense Against WPA/WPA2/WPA3 Cracking
- Defense Against KRACK Attacks
- Defense Against aLTER Attacks
- Detection and Blocking of Rogue APs
- Defense Against Wireless Attacks
- Wireless Intrusion Prevention Systems
- WIPS Deployment
- Wi-Fi Security Auditing Tools
- Wi-Fi IPSs

Module 17: Hacking Mobile Platforms

Mobile Platform Attack Vectors

- Vulnerable Areas in Mobile Business Environment
- OWASP Top 10 Mobile Risks - 2024
- Anatomy of a Mobile Attack
- How a Hacker can Profit from Mobile Devices that are Successfully Compromised
- Mobile Attack Vectors and Mobile Platform Vulnerabilities

- Security Issues Arising from App Stores
- App Sandboxing Issues
- Mobile Spam
- SMS Phishing Attack (SMiShing) (Targeted Attack Scan)
- SMS Phishing Attack Examples
- Pairing Mobile Devices on Open Bluetooth and Wi-Fi Connections
- Agent Smith Attack
- Exploiting SS7 Vulnerability
- Simjacker: SIM Card Attack
- Call Spoofing
- OTP Hijacking/Two-Factor Authentication Hijacking
- OTP Hijacking Tools
- Camera/Microphone Capture Attacks
- Camera/Microphone Hijacking Tools

Hacking Android OS

- Android OS
- Android Device Administration API
- Android Rooting
 - Rooting Android Using KingoRoot
 - Android Rooting Tools
- Hacking Android Devices
 - Identifying Attack Surfaces Using drozer
 - Bypassing FRP on Android Phones Using 4ukey
 - Hacking with zANTI and Kali NetHunter
 - Launch DoS Attack using Low Orbit Ion Cannon (LOIC)
 - Hacking with Orbot Proxy
 - Exploiting Android Device through ADB Using PhoneSploit Pro
 - Launching Man-in-the-Disk Attack
 - Launching Spearphone Attack
 - Exploiting Android Devices Using Metasploit
 - Analyzing Android Devices

- Other Techniques for Hacking Android Devices
- Android Malware
- Android Hacking Tools
- Android-based Sniffers
- Securing Android Devices
 - Android Security Tools
 - Android Device Tracking Tools
 - Android Vulnerability Scanners
 - Static Analysis of Android APK
 - Online Android Analyzers

Hacking iOS

- Apple iOS
- Jailbreaking iOS
 - Jailbreaking Techniques
 - Jailbreaking iOS Using Hexxa Plus
 - Jailbreaking Tools
- Hacking iOS Devices
 - Hacking using Spyzie
 - iOS Trustjacking
 - Post-exploitation on iOS Devices Using SeaShell Framework
 - Analyzing and Manipulating iOS Applications
 - Analyzing iOS Devices
 - iOS Malware
 - iOS Hacking Tools
- Securing iOS Devices
 - iOS Device Security Tools
 - iOS Device Tracking Tools

Mobile Device Management

- Mobile Device Management (MDM)
- Mobile Device Management Solutions
- Bring Your Own Device (BYOD)

- BYOD Risks
- BYOD Policy Implementation
- BYOD Security Guidelines

Mobile Security Guidelines and Tools

- Mobile Security Guidelines
 - OWASP Top 10 Mobile Risks and Solutions
 - General Guidelines for Mobile Platform Security
 - Mobile Device Security Guidelines for the Administrator
 - SMS Phishing Countermeasures
 - OTP Hijacking Countermeasures
 - Critical Data Storage in Android and iOS: KeyStore and Keychain Recommendations
 - Reverse Engineering Mobile Applications
- Mobile Security Tools
 - Source Code Analysis Tools
 - Reverse Engineering Tools
 - App Repackaging Detectors
 - Mobile Protection Tools
 - Mobile Anti-Spyware
 - Mobile Pen Testing Toolkits

Module 18: IoT and OT Hacking

IoT Hacking

- IoT Concepts and Attacks
 - What is the IoT?
 - How the IoT Works
 - IoT Architecture
 - IoT Application Areas and Devices
 - IoT Technologies and Protocols
 - IoT Communication Models
 - Challenges of IoT
 - Threat vs Opportunity

- IoT Security Problems
- OWASP Top 10 IoT Threats
- OWASP IoT Attack Surface Areas
- IoT Vulnerabilities
- IoT Threats
- Hacking IoT Devices: General Scenario
- DDoS Attack
- Exploit HVAC
- Rolling Code Attack
- BlueBorne Attack
- Jamming Attack
- Hacking Smart Grid/Industrial Devices: Remote Access using Backdoor
- SDR-Based Attacks on IoT
- Identifying and Accessing Local IoT Devices
- Fault Injection Attacks
- Other IoT Attacks
- IoT Attacks in Different Sectors
- IoT Malware
- Case Study: IZ1H9
- IoT Hacking Methodology
 - What is IoT Device Hacking?
 - IoT Hacking Methodology
 - Information Gathering
 - ✓ Information Gathering using Shodan
 - ✓ Information Gathering using MultiPing
 - ✓ Information Gathering using FCC ID Search
 - ✓ Information-Gathering Tools
 - ✓ Information Gathering through Sniffing
 - ✓ Sniffing using Cascoda Packet Sniffer
 - ✓ Sniffing Tools
 - Vulnerability Scanning

- ✓ Vulnerability Scanning using IoTSeeker
- ✓ Vulnerability Scanning using Genzai
- ✓ Vulnerability Scanning using Nmap
- ✓ Vulnerability-Scanning Tools
- ✓ Analyzing Spectrum and IoT Traffic
- ✓ Tools to Perform SDR-Based Attacks
- Launch Attacks
 - ✓ Rolling Code Attack using RFCrack
 - ✓ Hacking Zigbee Devices with Open Sniffer
 - ✓ BlueBorne Attack Using HackRF One
 - ✓ Replay Attack using HackRF One
 - ✓ SDR-Based Attacks using RTL-SDR and GNU Radio
 - ✓ Side-Channel Attack using ChipWhisperer
 - ✓ Identifying IoT Communication Buses and Interfaces
 - ✓ NAND Glitching
 - ✓ Exploiting Cameras using CamOver
- Gain Remote Access
 - ✓ Gaining Remote Access using Telnet
- Maintain Access
 - ✓ Maintain Access by Exploiting Firmware
 - ✓ Firmware Analysis and Reverse Engineering
- IoT Hacking Tools
 - IoT Hacking Tools
- IoT Attack Countermeasures
 - How to Defend Against IoT Hacking
 - General Guidelines for IoT Device Manufacturers
 - OWASP Top 10 IoT Vulnerabilities Solutions
 - IoT Framework Security Considerations
 - IoT Hardware Security Best Practices
 - Secure Development Practices for IoT Applications
 - IoT Device Management

- IoT Security Tools

OT Hacking

- OT Concepts and Attacks
 - What is OT?
 - Essential Terminology
 - Introduction to ICS
 - Components of an ICS
 - IT/OT Convergence (IIOT)
 - The Purdue Model
 - OT Technologies and Protocols
 - Challenges of OT
 - OT Vulnerabilities
 - MITRE ATT&CK for ICS
 - OT Threats
 - HMI-based Attacks
 - Side-Channel Attacks
 - Hacking Programmable Logic Controller (PLC)
 - Evil PLC Attack
 - Hacking Industrial Systems through RF Remote Controllers
 - OT Supply Chain Attacks
 - OT Malware
 - OT Malware Analysis: COSMICENERGY
- OT Hacking Methodology
 - What is OT Hacking?
 - OT Hacking Methodology
 - Information Gathering
 - ✓ Identifying ICS/SCADA Systems using Shodan
 - ✓ Gathering Default Passwords using CIRT.net
 - ✓ Information-Gathering Tools
 - ✓ Scanning ICS/SCADA Systems using Nmap
 - ✓ Sniffing using NetworkMiner

- ✓ Analyzing Modbus/TCP Traffic using Wireshark
- ✓ Discovering ICS/SCADA Network Protocols using Malcolm
- Vulnerability Scanning
 - ✓ Vulnerability Scanning Using Nessus
 - ✓ Vulnerability Scanning using Skybox Vulnerability Control
 - ✓ Sniffing and Vulnerability-Scanning Tools
 - ✓ Fuzzing ICS Protocols
- Launch Attacks
 - ✓ Hacking ICS Hardware
 - ✓ Hacking Modbus Slaves using Metasploit
 - ✓ Hacking PLC using modbus-cli
- Gain and Maintain Remote Access
 - ✓ Gaining Remote Access using DNP3
- OT Hacking Tools
 - OT Hacking Tools
- OT Attack Countermeasures
 - How to Defend Against OT Hacking
 - OT Vulnerabilities and Solutions
 - How to Secure an IT/OT Environment
 - Implementing a Zero-Trust Model for ICS/SCADA
 - International OT Security Organizations
 - OT Security Solutions
 - OT Security Tools

Module 19: Cloud Computing

Cloud Computing Concepts

- Introduction to Cloud Computing
- Types of Cloud Computing Services
- Shared Responsibilities in Cloud
- Cloud Deployment Models
- NIST Cloud Deployment Reference Architecture

- Cloud Storage Architecture
- Virtual Reality and Augmented Reality on Cloud
- Fog Computing
- Edge Computing
- Cloud vs. Fog Computing vs. Edge Computing
- Cloud Computing vs. Grid Computing
- Cloud Service Providers

Container Technology

- What is a Container?
- Containers Vs. Virtual Machines
- What is Docker?
 - Microservices Vs. Docker
 - Docker Networking
- Container Orchestration
- What is Kubernetes?
- Clusters and Containers
- Container Security Challenges
- Container Management Platforms
- Kubernetes Platforms

Serverless Computing

- What is Serverless Computing?
- Serverless Vs. Containers
- Serverless Computing Frameworks

Cloud Computing Threats

- OWASP Top 10 Cloud Security Risks
- OWASP Top 10 Kubernetes Risks
- OWASP Top 10 Serverless Security Risks
- Cloud Computing Threats
 - Data Security
 - Cloud Service Misuse
 - Interface and API Security

- Operational Security
- Infrastructure and System Configuration
- Network Security
- Governance and Legal Risks
- Development and Resource Management
- Container Vulnerabilities
- Kubernetes Vulnerabilities
- Cloud Attacks
- Service Hijacking using Social Engineering
- Service Hijacking using Network Sniffing
- Side-Channel Attacks or Cross-guest VM Breaches
- Wrapping Attack
- Man-in-the-Cloud (MITC) Attack
- Cloud Hopper Attack
- Cloud Cryptojacking
- Cloudborne Attack
- Instance Metadata Service (IMDS) Attack
- Cache Poisoned Denial of Service (CPDoS)/Content Delivery Network (CDN) Cache Poisoning Attack
- Cloud Snooper Attack
- Golden SAML Attack
- Living Off the Cloud Attack (LotC)
- Other Cloud Attacks
- Cloud Malware

Cloud Hacking

- Cloud Hacking
- Cloud Hacking Methodology
- Identifying Target Cloud Environment
- Discovering Open Ports and Services Using Masscan
- Vulnerability Scanning Using Prowler
- Identifying Misconfigurations in Cloud Resources Using CloudSploit

- Cleanup and Maintaining Stealth

AWS Hacking

- Enumerating S3 Buckets
- Enumerating S3 Buckets using SScanner
- Enumerating S3 Bucket Permissions using BucketLoot
- Enumerating S3 Buckets using CloudBrute
- Enumerating EC2 Instances
- Enumerating AWS RDS Instances
- Enumerating AWS Account IDs
- Enumerating IAM Roles
- Enumerating Weak IAM Policies Using Cloudsplaining
- Enumerating AWS Cognito
- Enumerating DNS Records of AWS Accounts using Ghostbuster
- Enumerating Serverless Resources in AWS
- Discovering Attack Paths using Cartography
- Discovering Attack Paths using CloudFox
- Identify Security Groups Exposed to the Internet
- AWS Threat Emulation using Stratus Red Team
- Gathering Cloud Keys Through IMDS Attack
- Exploiting Misconfigured AWS S3 Buckets
- Compromising AWS IAM Credentials
- Hijacking Misconfigured IAM Roles using Pacu
- Scanning AWS Access Keys using DumpsterDiver
- Exploiting Docker Containers on AWS using Cloud Container Attack Tool (CCAT)
- Exploiting Shadow Admins in AWS
- Gaining Access by Exploiting SSRF Vulnerabilities
- Attacks on AWS Lambda
- AWS IAM Privilege Escalation Techniques
- Creating Backdoor Accounts in AWS
- Maintaining Access and Covering Tracks on AWS Cloud Environment by Manipulating the CloudTrail Service

- Establishing Persistence on EC2 Instances
- Lateral Movement: Moving Between AWS Accounts and Regions
- AWSGoat: A Damn Vulnerable AWS Infrastructure

Microsoft Azure Hacking

- Azure Reconnaissance Using AADInternals
- Identifying Azure Services and Resources
- Enumerating Azure Active Directory (AD) Accounts
- Identifying Attack Surface using Stormspotter
- Collecting Data from AzureAD and AzureRM using AzureHound
- Accessing Publicly Exposed Blob Storage using Goblob
- Identifying Open Network Security Groups (NSGs) in Azure
- Exploiting Managed Identities and Azure Functions
- Privilege Escalation Using Misconfigured User Accounts in Azure AD
- Creating Persistent Backdoors in Azure AD Using Service Principals
- Exploiting VNet Peering Connections
- AzureGoat – Vulnerable by Design Azure Infrastructure

Google Cloud Hacking

- Enumerating GCP Resources using Google Cloud CLI
 - Enumerating GCP Organizations, Projects, and Cloud Storage Buckets
 - Enumerating Google Cloud Service Accounts
 - Enumerating Google Cloud resources
 - Enumerating Google Cloud IAM Roles and Policies
 - Enumerating Google Cloud Services using gcp_service_enum
 - Enumerating GCP Resources using GCP Scanner
- Enumerating Google Cloud Storage Buckets using cloud_enum
- Enumerating Privilege Escalation Vulnerabilities using GCP Privilege Escalation Scanner
- Escalating Privileges of Google Storage Buckets using GCPBucketBrute
- Maintaining Access: Creating Backdoors with IAM Roles in GCP
- GCPGoat: Vulnerable by Design GCP Infrastructure

Container Hacking

- Information Gathering using kubectI

- Enumerating Registries
- Container/Kubernetes Vulnerability Scanning
- Exploiting Docker Remote API
- Hacking Container Volumes
- LXD/LXC Container Group Privilege Escalation
- Post Enumeration on Kubernetes etcd

Cloud Security

- Cloud Security Control Layers
- Cloud Security is the Responsibility of both Cloud Provider and Consumer
- Cloud Computing Security Considerations
- Placement of Security Controls in the Cloud
- Assessing Cloud Security using Scout Suite
- Best Practices for Securing the Cloud
- Best Practices for Securing AWS Cloud
- Best Practices for Securing Microsoft Azure
- Best Practices for Securing Google Cloud Platform
- NIST Recommendations for Cloud Security
- Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML)
- Cloud Network Security
- Cloud Security Controls
- Kubernetes Vulnerabilities and Solutions
- Serverless Security Risks and Solutions
- Best Practices for Container Security
- Best Practices for Docker Security
- Best Practices for Kubernetes Security
- Best Practices for Serverless Security
- Zero Trust Networks
- Organization/Provider Cloud Security Compliance Checklist
- International Cloud Security Organizations
- Shadow Cloud Asset Discovery Tools
- Cloud Security Tools

- Container Security Tools
- Kubernetes Security Tools
- Serverless Application Security Solutions
- Cloud Access Security Broker (CASB)
- CASB Solutions
- Next-Generation Secure Web Gateway (NG SWG)

Module 20: Cryptography

Cryptography Concepts and Encryption Algorithms

- Cryptography
- Government Access to Keys (GAK)
- Ciphers
- Symmetric Encryption Algorithms
 - Data Encryption Standard (DES)
 - Triple Data Encryption Standard (DES)
 - Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)
 - RC4, RC5, and RC6 Algorithms
 - Blowfish
 - Twofish
 - Threefish
 - Serpent
 - TEA
 - CAST-128
 - GOST Block Cipher
 - Camellia
- Asymmetric Encryption Algorithms
 - DSA and Related Signature Schemes
 - Rivest Shamir Adleman (RSA)
 - Diffie–Hellman
 - Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC)
 - YAK

- Message Digest (One-way Hash) Functions
- Message Digest Functions
 - Message Digest Function: MD5 and MD6
 - Message Digest Function: Secure Hashing Algorithm (SHA)
 - RIPEMD-160
 - HMAC
 - CHAP
 - EAP
 - GOST – Hash Function
- Message Digest Functions Calculators
- Multi-layer Hashing Calculators
- Hardware-Based Encryption
- Quantum Cryptography
- Other Encryption Techniques
- Cipher Modes of Operation
- Modes of Authenticated Encryption
- Cryptography Tools

Applications of Cryptography

- Public Key Infrastructure (PKI)
- Certification Authorities
- Signed Certificate (CA) vs. Self-Signed Certificate
- Digital Signature
- Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)
- Transport Layer Security (TLS)
- Cryptography Toolkits
- Pretty Good Privacy (PGP)
- GNU Privacy Guard (GPG)
- Web of Trust (WOT)
- Encrypting Email Messages in Outlook
- Signing/Encrypting Email Messages on Mac
- Encrypting/Decrypting Email Messages Using OpenPGP

- Email Encryption Tools
- Disk Encryption
- Disk Encryption Tools
- Disk Encryption Tools for Linux
- Disk Encryption Tools for macOS
- Blockchain

Cryptanalysis

- Cryptanalysis Methods
- Cryptography Attacks
- Code Breaking Methodologies
- Brute-Force Attack
 - Birthday Attack
 - Birthday Paradox: Probability
- Brute-Forcing VeraCrypt Encryption
- Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on Digital Signature Schemes
- Side-Channel Attack
- Hash Collision Attack
- DUHK Attack
- DROWN Attack
- Rainbow Table Attack
- Related-Key Attack
- Padding Oracle Attack
- Attacks on Blockchain
- Quantum Computing Risks
- Quantum Computing Attacks
- Cryptanalysis Tools
- Online MD5 Decryption Tools

Cryptography Attack Countermeasures

- How to Defend Against Cryptographic Attacks
- Key Stretching

Appendix A: Ethical Hacking Essential Concepts - I

Operating System Concepts

- Windows Operating System
 - Windows Architecture
 - Windows Commands
- Unix Operating System
 - UNIX Directory Structure
 - UNIX Commands
- Linux Operating System
 - Linux Features
- macOS Operating System
 - macOS Layered Architecture

File Systems

- Understanding File Systems
 - Types of File Systems
 - Windows File Systems
 - File Allocation Table (FAT)
 - FAT32
 - New Technology File System (NTFS)
 - NTFS Architecture
 - NTFS System Files
 - Encrypting File Systems (EFS)
 - Components of EFS
 - Sparse Files
 - Linux File Systems
 - Linux File System Architecture
 - Filesystem Hierarchy Standard (FHS)
 - Extended File System (EXT)
 - Second Extended File System (EXT2)
 - Third Extended File System (EXT3)
 - Fourth Extended File System (EXT4)

- macOS File Systems

Computer Network Fundamentals

- Computer Networks
 - Open System Interconnection (OSI) Model
 - TCP/IP Model
 - Comparing OSI and TCP/IP
 - Types of Networks
 - Wireless Standards
 - Wireless Technologies
 - Network Topologies
 - Network Hardware Components
 - Types of LAN Technology
 - Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, 10 Gigabit Ethernet, Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM), Power over Ethernet (PoE)
 - Specifications of LAN Technology
- Common Fiber Technologies
 - Types of Cables
 - Fiber Optic Cable, Coaxial Cable, CAT 3, CAT 4, CAT 5, CAT 5e, CAT 6, 10/100/1000BaseT (UTP Ethernet)
- TCP/IP Protocol Suite
 - Application Layer Protocols
 - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
 - Domain Name System (DNS)
 - ✓ DNS Packet Format
 - ✓ DNS Hierarchy
 - DNSSEC
 - ✓ How DNSSEC Works
 - ✓ Managing DNSSEC for Domain Name
 - ✓ What is a DS Record?
 - ✓ How does DNSSEC Protect Internet Users?
 - ✓ Operation of DNSSEC
 - Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)

- Secure HTTP
- Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS)
- File Transfer Protocol (FTP)
 - ✓ How FTP Works?
- Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP)
- Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
- Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
- S/MIME
 - ✓ How it Works?
- Pretty Good Privacy (PGP)
- Difference between PGP and S/MIME
- Telnet
- SSH
- SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol)
- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)
- NTP (Network Time Protocol)
- RPC (Remote Procedure Call)
- Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol
- Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)
- RADIUS
- TACACS+
- Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
- Transport Layer Protocols
 - Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
 - ✓ TCP Header Format
 - ✓ TCP Services
 - User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
 - ✓ UDP Operation
 - Secure Socket Layer (SSL)
 - Transport Layer Security (TLS)

- Internet Layer Protocols
 - Internet Protocol (IP)
 - ✓ IP Header: Protocol Field
 - What is Internet Protocol v6 (IPv6)?
 - ✓ IPv6 Header
 - ✓ IPv4 and IPv6 Transition Mechanisms
 - ✓ IPv4 vs. IPv6
 - ✓ Internet Protocol Security (IPsec)
 - Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
 - ✓ Error Reporting and Correction
 - ✓ ICMP Message Delivery
 - ✓ Format of an ICMP Message
 - Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)
 - ✓ ARP Packet Format
 - ✓ ARP Packet Encapsulation
 - IGRP (Interior Gateway Routing Protocol)
 - EIGRP (Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol)
 - OSPF (Open Shortest Path First)
 - HSRP (Hot Standby Router Protocol)
 - Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)
 - BGP (Border Gateway Protocol)
- Link Layer Protocols
 - Fiber Distributed Data Interface (FDDI)
 - Token Ring
 - CDP (Cisco Discovery Protocol)
 - VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP)
 - STP (Spanning Tree Protocol)
 - Point-to-point Protocol (PPP)
- IP Addressing and Port Numbers
 - Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA)
 - IP Addressing

- Classful IP Addressing
- Address Classes
- Subnet Masking
- Subnetting
- Supernetting
- IPv6 Addressing
- Difference between IPv4 and IPv6
- Port Numbers
- Network Terminology
 - Routing
 - Network Address Translation (NAT)
 - Port Address Translation (PAT)
 - VLAN
 - Shared Media Network
 - Switched Media Network

Basic Network Troubleshooting

- Unreachable Networks
- Destination Unreachable Message
- ICMP Echo (Request) and Echo Reply
- Time Exceeded Message
- IP Parameter Problem
- ICMP Control Messages
- ICMP Redirects
- Troubleshooting
 - Steps for Network Troubleshooting
 - Troubleshooting IP Problems
 - Troubleshooting Local Connectivity Issues
 - Troubleshooting Physical Connectivity Issues
 - Troubleshooting Routing Problems
 - Troubleshooting Upper-layer Faults
 - Troubleshooting Wireless Network Connection Issues

- Network Troubleshooting Tools
 - Ping
 - Traceroute and Tracert
 - Ipconfig and Ifconfig
 - NSlookup
 - Netstat
 - PuTTY and Tera Term
 - Subnet and IP Calculators
 - Speedtest.net
 - Pathping and mtr
 - Route

Virtualization

- Introduction to Virtualization
- Characteristics of Virtualization
- Benefits of Virtualization
- Common Virtualization Vendors
- Virtualization Security and Concerns
- Virtual Firewall
- Virtual Operating Systems
- Virtual Databases

Network File System (NFS)

- Network File System (NFS)
- NFS Host and File Level Security

Web Markup and Programming Languages

- HTML
- Extensible Markup Language (XML)
- Java
- .Net
- C#
- Java Server Pages (JSP)
- Active Server Pages (ASP)

- PHP: Hypertext Preprocessor (PHP)
- Practical Extraction and Report language (Perl)
- JavaScript
- Bash Scripting
- PowerShell
- C and C++
- CGI

Application Development Frameworks and Their Vulnerabilities

- .NET Framework
- J2EE Framework
- ColdFusion
- Ruby On Rails
- AJAX

Web Subcomponents

- Web Subcomponents
- Thick and Thin Clients
- Applet
- Servlet
- ActiveX
- Flash Application

Database Connectivity

- Web Application Connection with Underlying Databases
 - SQL Sever
 - Data Controls used for SQL Server Connection
 - MS ACCESS
 - MySQL
 - ORACLE

Appendix B: Ethical Hacking Essential Concepts - II

Information Security Controls

- Information Security Management Program

- Enterprise Information Security Architecture (EISA)
- Administrative Security Controls
 - Regulatory Frameworks Compliance
 - Information Security Policies
 - Types of Security Policies
 - Examples of Security Policies
 - Privacy Policies at Workplace
 - Steps to Create and Implement Security Policies
 - HR or Legal Implications of Security Policy Enforcement
 - Security Awareness and Training
 - Security Policy
 - Physical Security
 - Social Engineering
 - Data Classification
 - Separation of Duties (SoD) and Principle of Least Privileges (POLP)
- Physical Security Controls
 - Physical Security
 - Types of Physical Security Controls
 - Physical Security Controls
- Technical Security Controls
 - Access Control
 - Types of Access Control
 - Identity and Access Management (IAM)
 - User Identification, Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting
 - Types of Authentication
 - Password Authentication
 - Two-factor Authentication
 - Biometrics
 - Smart Card Authentication
 - Single Sign-on (SSO)
 - Types of Authorization

- Accounting

Network Segmentation

- Network Segmentation
- Network Security Zoning
- Network Segmentation Example: Demilitarized Zone (DMZ)
- Secure Network Administration Principles
 - Network Virtualization (NV)
 - Virtual Networks
 - VLANs

Network Security Solutions

- Security Incident and Event Management (SIEM)
 - SIEM Architecture
- User Behavior Analytics (UBA)
- Unified Threat Management (UTM)
- Load Balancer
- Network Access Control (NAC)
- Virtual Private Network (VPN)
 - How VPN Works
 - VPN Components
 - VPN Concentrators
 - Functions of a VPN Concentrator
- Secure Router Configuration
 - Router Security Measures
 - Design, Implement, and Enforce Router Security Policy

Data Leakage

- Data Leakage
- Data Leakage Threats
- What is Data Loss Prevention (DLP)?

Data Backup

- Data Backup
- RAID (Redundant Array Of Independent Disks) Technology

- Advantages and Disadvantages of RAID Systems
- RAID Level 0: Disk Striping
- RAID Level 1: Disk Mirroring
- RAID Level 3: Disk Striping with Parity
- RAID Level 5: Block Interleaved Distributed Parity
- RAID Level 10: Blocks Striped and Mirrored
- RAID Level 50: Mirroring and Striping Across Multiple RAID Levels
- Selecting an Appropriate Backup Method
- Choosing the Backup Location
- Data Recovery

Risk Management Concepts

- Risk Management
- Risk Management Framework
 - Enterprise Risk Management Framework (ERM)
 - Goals of the ERM Framework
 - NIST Risk Management Framework
 - COSO ERM Framework
 - COBIT Framework
- Enterprise Network Risk Management Policy
- Risk Mitigation
- Control the Risks
- Risk Calculation Formulas
- Quantitative Risk vs. Qualitative Risk

Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery

- Business Continuity (BC)
- Disaster Recovery (DR)
- Business Impact Analysis (BIA)
- Recovery Time Objective (RTO)
- Recovery Point Objective (RPO)
- Business Continuity Plan (BCP)
- Disaster Recovery Plan (DRP)

Cyber Threat Intelligence

- Threat Intelligence Frameworks
 - Collective Intelligence Framework (CIF)
- Threat Intelligence Data Collection
- Threat Intelligence Sources
 - Open-Source Intelligence (OSINT)
 - Human Intelligence (HUMINT)
 - Signals Intelligence (SIGINT)
 - Technical Intelligence (TECHINT)
 - Geo-spatial Intelligence (GEOINT)
 - Imagery Intelligence (IMINT)
 - Measurement and Signature Intelligence (MASINT)
 - Covert Human Intelligence Sources (CHIS)
 - Financial Intelligence (FININT)
 - Social Media Intelligence (SOCMINT)
 - Cyber Counterintelligence (CCI)
 - Indicators of Compromise (IoCs)
 - Industry Association and Vertical Communities
 - Commercial Sources
 - Government and Law Enforcement Sources
- Threat Intelligence Collection Management
 - Understanding Data Reliability
 - Produce Actionable Threat Intelligence
- Collecting IoCs
- Create an Accessible Threat Knowledge Base
- Organize and Store Cyber Threat Information in Knowledge Base
- Threat Intelligence Reports
 - Generating Concise Reports
- Threat Intelligence Dissemination

Threat Modeling

- Threat Modeling Methodologies

- STRIDE
- PASTA
- TRIKE
- VAST
- DREAD
- OCTAVE
- Threat Profiling and Attribution

Penetration Testing Concepts

- Penetration Testing
- Why do Penetration Testing?
- Comparing Security Audit, Vulnerability Assessment, and Penetration Testing
- Blue and Red Teaming
- Types of Penetration Testing
- Phases of Penetration Testing
- Security Testing Methodology
- Risks Associated with Penetration Testing
 - Types of Risks Arising During Penetration Testing
- Pre-engagement Activities
- List the Goals of Penetration Testing
- Rules of Engagement (ROE)

Security Operations

- Security Operations
 - Security Operations Center (SOC)
 - SOC Operations
 - Log Collection
 - Log Retention and Archival
 - Log Analysis
 - Monitoring of Security Environments for Security Events
 - Event Correlation
 - Incident Management
 - Threat Identification

- Threat Reaction
- Reporting
- SOC Workflow

Forensic Investigation

- Computer Forensics
- Phases Involved in the Computer Forensics Investigation Process
 - Pre-investigation Phase
 - Investigation Phase
 - Post-investigation Phase

Software Development Security

- Integrating Security in the Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC)
 - Functional vs. Security Activities in the SDLC
 - Advantages of Integrating Security in the SDLC
- Security Requirements
 - Gathering Security Requirements
 - Why We Need Different Approaches for Security Requirement Gathering
 - Key Benefits of Addressing Security at the Requirement Phase
- Secure Application Design and Architecture
 - Goals of the Secure Design Process
 - Secure Design Principles
 - Design Secure Application Architecture

Security Governance Principles

- Corporate Governance Activities
- Information Security Governance Activities
 - Program Management
 - Security Engineering
 - Security Operations
- Corporate Governance & Security Responsibilities

Asset Management and Security

- Asset Management
 - Asset Ownership

- Asset Classification
- Asset Inventory
- Asset Value
- Protection Strategy and Governance
 - Corporate Governance
 - Security Governance

Appendix C: Hacking AI Technologies

AI Concepts

- Introduction to Artificial Intelligence (AI)
- Applications of Artificial Intelligence (AI)
- Artificial Intelligence (AI) Challenges
- How is AI, ML, Deep Learning, and LLM Interrelated?
- How LLM Works
- Applications of LLM

LLM Integrated Applications

- LLM Integrated Applications
- Real Life LLM Applications

Attacks on LLM Integrated Applications

- OWASP Top 10 for LLM Applications
- Prompt Injection
- Direct Prompt Injection
- Indirect Prompt Injection Attack
- ChatGPT Prompt Injection: Jailbreak Prompt
- Insecure Output Handling
- Training Data Poisoning
- Model Denial of Service
- Supply Chain Vulnerabilities
- Sensitive Information Disclosure of Service
- Insecure Plugin Design
- Excessive Agency

- Overreliance
- Model Theft

Attacks on Machine Learning

- OWASP Machine Learning Security Top Ten
- Input Manipulation Attack
- Data Poisoning Attack
- Model Inversion Attack
- Membership Inference Attack
- Model Theft
- AI Supply Chain Attacks
- Transfer Learning Attack
- Model Skewing
- Output Integrity Attack
- Model Poisoning

Protecting LLM Applications

- Mitigating Prompt Injection Attack
- Best Practices Against Prompt Injection
- Prevent Insecure Output Handling Attack
- Prevent Training Data Poisoning
- Prevent Model Denial of Service Attack
- Prevent Supply Chain Vulnerabilities
- Prevent Sensitive Information Disclosure of Service Attack
- Prevent Insecure Plugin Design Attacks
- Prevent Excessive Agency Attack
- Prevent Overreliance Attack
- Prevent Model Theft Attack
- Lakera Chrome Extension: Protect Against Sensitive Information Disclosure
- LLM Security Packages: LLM Guard
- Additional LLM Security Packages